

## Type FFR Fuse Failure Relay

### 1MDB10305-YN

February 1995 Data subject to change without notice



Features	<ul> <li>Detects single-, two-, or three phase fuse failure in less than 8 ms</li> <li>Operates fast to block high-speed distance relay tripping in case of fuse failure</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Needs no auxiliary power supply</li> <li>Output contacts for alarm</li> <li>LED indicated operation</li> </ul>	
Application	The FFR relay operates for single phase, two- and three phase fuse failures in the supervised circuits and for an interruption in any of the cables or their associated fuses.	enough to inhibit the undesired operation of high speed distance relays that could otherwise occur.	
	When a fuse blows the relay operates fast	The FFR relay can be connected to a voltage transformer secondary as shown in the figure 1.	
Design	FFR makes use of the principle of instantaneous	The common point of the two windings is	

amplitude comparison of two voltages. This is achieved with two voltages, one before the fuse and other after the fuse. These two are compared in a transformer having a common magnetic loop.

Under normal operating conditions, the two voltages give rise to zero resultant voltage, thus no operation of the relay. When the fuse blows out, the neutralising effect is lost, hence the relay operates.

This operation is achieved by means of a special transformer which not only provides an isolation between the main PT circuit and electronic circuit, but also becomes an instantaneous amplitude comparator. It has two primary windings and one secondary stepped down to the required operating voltage of the aux. relay.

connected to neutral through a series resistor.

FFR consists of three transformers and a common PCB mounted with rectifiers, reed relays and LEDs on RX4 base.

The relay operation for blown fuse is indicated by LEDs. The blown fuse indication will be reset after replacing the fuse.

#### Advantages:

- 1. The operation of the relay is irrespective of the load and source impedances.
- 2. Instantaneous operation of the relay provides immediate blocking of distance protection.
- 3. Relay has steady operation irrespective of voltage fluctuations.

# Type FFR Fuse failure supervision relay

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Technical Data	Rated Voltage U <sub>n</sub>	: 110 V phase-to-phase (63.5V phase to ground)	HFD test (type test) Common Mode	: 2.5KV, 1 MHz, 2 secs.
	Rated frequency	: 50 Hz	Transverse Mode	: 1.0 KV, 1 MHz, 2 secs.
	Permissible voltage		Contact Data	
	variation	: ± 20% of U <sub>n</sub>	Contact Rating	: 10W DC/10VA AC
	Permissible Ambient		Max. Switched Current	: 0.5A DC/AC
	Temperature	: -25 <sup>0</sup> C to 55 <sup>0</sup> C	Max. Carrying Current	: 1.0A DC/AC
	Operating time	: ≤ 8 ms.	Max. Switched Voltage	: 400 V DC/AC peak.
	Burden Insulation test	: 2.6 VA per phase : 2 KV, 50 Hz, 1 min.	Break down voltage	: 600V DC (Across contact)
	Impulse test	: 5 KV, 1.2/50 μ secs.	Size	: 4s, 12c
	(type test)	0.5 Joule	Dimension	: LxBxH
	(typo test)	<b></b>		83 X 162 x 145 mm
			Contact configuration	: 2 NO or 1 NO + 1 NC

### **Ordering Details**

Fuse Failure Supervision Relay Specify

\* Circuit Diag No: 1MYN563005CA

Mounting and Connection:

\* See 1MDB14300-YN

Ordering No.	Contact Configuration	Rating	Size
1MYN563005-A	2 NO contacts	110V, 50 Hz	4s,12c
1 MYN563005-B	1 NO + 1 NC contacts	110V, 50 Hz	4s,12c

### **Terminal Diagram**

